

¡Fondo Cultural!



Spanish speaking countries have more formal greetings

Friends often greet each other with a kiss on the cheek.


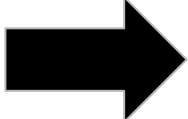


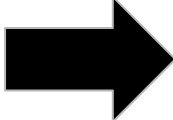



Greetings en Español

- ¡Hola!
 - ¡Buenos días!
 - ¡Buenas tardes!
 - ¡Buenas noches!
- Hello!
 - Good morning!
 - Good afternoon!
 - Good night!



In-betweens en Español

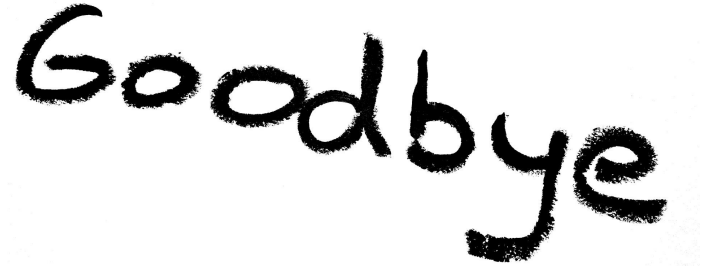
- Igualmente
- ¿Cómo te llamas?  Me llamo _____  Mucho Gusto
- ¿Qué pasa?
- ¿Qué tal?
- ¿Qué onda?
- ¿Como estas?  Regular
- Likewise
- What is your name?  My name is _____  Nice to meet you
- What is up?
- What is going on?
- What is new?
- How are you?  Regular

Goodbyes en Español

- hasta luego - See you again
- hasta mañana - See you tomorrow
- nos vemos - We will see each other again
- gracias - thank you
- adiós - goodbye

-a: feminine

-o: masculine



Goodbye

Tú vs. Ud

Tú= Informal

Ud= Formal

Tú	Ud
Informal	Formal
Familiar	Older
Own age	Family
Friends	Respect
Pets	Authority

Numerical System en Español

1-uno	8-ocho	15-quince	30-treinta	90-noventa
2-dos	9-nueve	16-diez y seis	31-treinta y uno	100-cien
3-tres	10-diez	17-diez y siete	40-cuarenta	
4-cuatro	11-once	18-diez y ocho	50-cincuenta	
5-cinco	12-doce	19-diez y nueve	60-sesenta	
6-seis	13-trece	20-veinte	70-setenta	
7-siete	14-catorce	21-veintiuno	80-ochenta	



Time En Español

¿Qué hora es?

What time is it?

Es la una	1:00
Son las dos	2:00
Son las tres	3:00
Son las cuatro	4:00
Son las cinco	5:00
Son las seis	6:00
Son las siete	7:00
Son las ocho	8:00
Son las nueve	9:00
Son las diez	10:00
Son las once	11:00
Son las doce	12:00
Y cuarto	00:15
Y media	00:30
Menos	minus

Classroom objects en Español

- Book - libro
- Desk - pupitre
- pen - bolígrafo
- carpeta - folder
- lápiz - pencil
- cuaderno - notebook
- sheet of paper - la hoja de papel

Alfabeto En Español

A B C CH D E F G H I J K L LL M N Ñ O P Q R RR S T U V W X Y Z

A be ce che de e efe ge hache i jota ka ele elle eme ene eñe o pe cu ere erre
ese te u ve doble ve equis i griega zeta

Red letters=Sound alike

Blue letters=letters not in English

Green letters=not in Spanish



Fondo Cultural

The Maya were one of the first civilizations in the western hemisphere to have a version of writing.

Each symbol represented a word.

The calendar

month - el mes

day - el día

week - la semana

year - año

- January-Enero
- February-Febrero
- March-Marzo
- April-Abril
- May-Mayo
- June-Junio
- July-Julio
- August-Agosto
- September-Septiembre
- October-October
- November-Novembre
- December-Diciembre

Monday-lunes
Tuesday-martes
Wednesday-miércoles
Thursday-jueves
Friday-viernes
Saturday-sábado
Sunday-domingo

Seasons and Weather En Español

When it is summer in the Northern Hemisphere it is winter in the Southern Hemisphere.

la primavera - The Spring

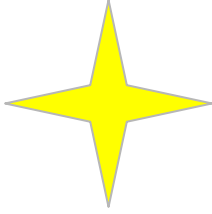
el verano - The Summer

el otoño - The Autumn

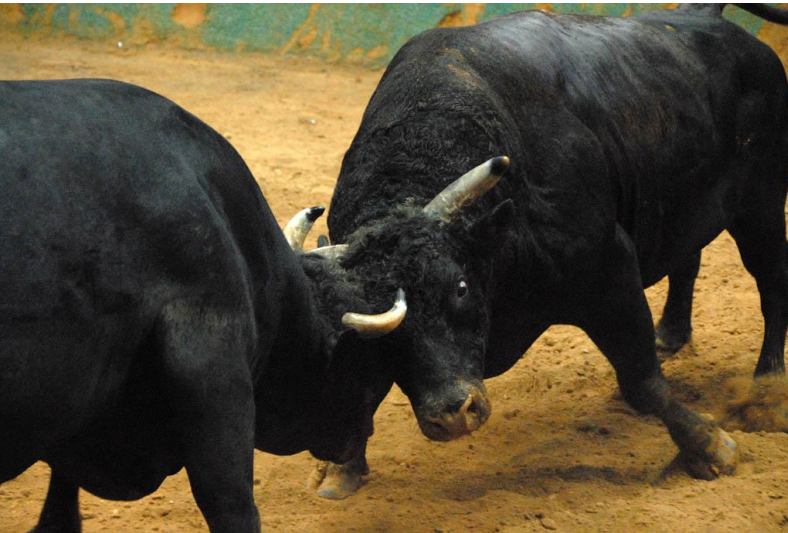
el invierno - The Winter

- Hace sol - It is sunny
- Hace calor - It is hot
- Hace frío - It is cold
- Hace viento - It is windy
- Llueve - It is raining
- Nieva - It is snowing

Fondo cultural



Los sanfermines, "Running of the Bulls" is a two week festival in Spain. It takes place in July 7. During the event, they release bulls and people run beside them.



Conexiones La historia



The Aztec monolith is a huge stone carved by the Aztecs in 1479. It is now known as the Aztec calendar or sun stone and weighs almost 24 tons and is 12 feet in diameter. The Aztecs dedicated it to the sun and it represents the 260 day year.



5 Questions

1. What is the Aztec calendar called?
2. Is the running of the bulls celebrated in Spain or Mexico?
3. What is the difference between Tú and Ud?
4. What does Llueve mean?
5. What is the number for 100 in Spanish?